RASLWAY MAINTAINS CHICAGO WENTWORTH-AVENUE SERVICE.

Four-Minute Schedule Interrupted Repeatedly by Barricades on the Tracks and Attacks by Mob.

SEVENTEEN BLOCKS THE SCENE OF REPEATED OUTBREAKS.

Attitude of the Crowd Causes Cessation of Operations with Approach of Night and Resultant Danger.

OF NONUNION MEN

COMPANY WILL TRY TO EXTEND ITS OPERATIONS TO-DAY.

Lack of Police Protection May Prevent This-No Effort Made to Bring About a Settlement.

CRICAGO, Nov. 15 .- A victory, tempo- for burglary and larceny. rary, at least, was secured to-day by the management of the Chicago City Railway glary and larceny against its striking employes. From early in the morning until dark to-night the company succeeded in maintaining a regu- fifty years. lar service on its Wentworth-avenue line, which extends from Seventy-ninth street to the down-town district, a distance of eight miles. The first car, manned by a newly hired nonunion crew, left the car barns guarded by a dozen policemen at 8 later by another train.

Twenty-five cars in all were put into the service, but the schedule was frequently interfered with by delays caused by obstructions being placed on the tracks and the inexperience of men in charge of the cars. The most serious trouble occurred during the morning, when a number of arrests were made, but clashes between the police and the crowds that lined the streets were frequent during the afternoon, and when Jarkness set in it was not considered safe to send more cars from the barn. The last car returned to the barns at 4:30 o'clock, and after it had been safely housed the day's work came to an end.

More arrests were made during the day than at any time since the strike was declared. Most of the trouble was experienced between Twenty-second and Thirtyninth streets. In the blocks bounded by these thoroughfares crowds of men, women and children congregated, and as the first cars passed hooted at the police and nonunion employes. This was soon followed by more violent demonstrations. Huge barricades were piled on the tracks, stones were thrown at the cars, and hand-tohand conflicts between the police and the crowd followed in several instances. Several patrol wagons which previously had been called were soon filled with prisoners. One of the men arrested, who gave his name as McQuaid, is said to have placed a cartridge of large caliber on the track near Harrison and Clark streets. Thousands of spectators were in the street at the time, and believing it was dynamite, became panic-stricken with fear as they dashed for places of safety. Assistant Chief of Police Herman Schuettler, who was near at the time, removed the cartridge and arrested

It being Sunday, the absence of traffic teams on the streets lessened the trouble for the police in the matter of blockades, but another source of serious annoyance was the great crowds of idle sightseers and sympathizers, who were attracted by thousands to the streets through which the

During the latter part of the afternoon however, the interference with the progress of the street cars had greatly diminished and many of the cars were half filled with passengers as they sped along unmolested. usands of persons took advantage of it being Sunday, and gathered along the route. which was patrolled by two-thirds of Chicago's police force, but nearly everybody looked on good-naturedly as the cars, some of them half filled with passengers, sped along without meeting any interference. Part of to-day's success can be attributed to the absence of teams drawing heavy loads through the streets through which the cars had to pass, which were used by

passage of the cars during the first three days of the strike. According to the officials of the company, an attempt will be made to-morrow to operate some of the other lines of the system If the police department can supply protec-Enough nonunion men have been secured, it is said, to extend the service in all directions if police aid is forthcoming, but this, it is claimed, is impossible, as the city has been taxed to the limit to protect the Wentworth-avenue line alone. If it is found impossible to open up any of the other lines to-morrow morning all the efforts of the company will be confined to the schedule will be inaugurated if possible.

Wentworth-avenue line, and the regular So far as known no further attempt was made to-day by the officials of the comthe striking employes or the State Board of Arbitration to bring about a conference for a settlement of the trouble, and the indications to-night are for a long and

"Our old employes are reporting back for work," said William H. Weatherwax, diviion superintendent of the road, to-night, "At the car barns at Vincennes and Seventy-seventh streets many returned to the company's employ this morning. I do not care to say how many, but the break-up of the strike seems imminent. We have a arge reserve force of employes in the berns. More than fifty of our old employes were on the cars to-day. On some cars there were five or six. They went out as passengers and were paid for a day's work. ince the strike began I have received numbers of letters and personal calls from strikers asking for their jobs. We have more men than we want now to run the

This statement of Superintendent Weath erwax was supported by Police Inspector "I saw men whom I know to be striking union men reporting for work this morning. and I learn on good authority that all the men on one of the cross-town lines have notified the company that they are ready

to return to work. Delegates representing 500 laber unions at a meeting to-night of the Chicago Federatica of Labor pledged sympathy and aid to the strikers and a resolution calling for a

weekly assessment on all unions was passed M. C. Buckley, head of the South Side Carmen's organization, received to-day from overnor Yates a reply to a telegram and letter he sent the State executive Saturday explaining the strikers' side in the controversy against the proposed calling out of the State militia. The Governor's reply was as

"I am in receipt of both your letter and telegram and I thank you for the information thereby conveyed. I have referred both your communications to the State Board of

Marconi Degins His Work.

ROME, Nov. 15 .- Signer Marconi to-day tion at Piza, through which it is intended to establish communication with the Argen-

who will send the first message. Signor Marconi will leave for London to-morrow.

LATEST GIFT TO DOWIE.

Elijah III Says He Has Received an

CHICAGO, Nov. 15 .- "I have just received an offer of four million acres of land on which to build another Zion City, but the site must be kept secret at present," said John Alexander Dowie, speaking to his followers in Shiloh tabernacle, Zion City, to-day.

Offer of 4,000,000 Acres.

"What is more," Dowie continued, "I have an offer of 10,000 acres of land within thirty-five miles of New York city for the same purpose. That does not look as if our New York trip failed, does it? "I am going abroad on Jan. 5, after men and money," he said. When I get back in June, I will have planned a number of Zions. Then all Zion will start its work for building up Jerusalem."

INMATES OF OHIO PENITENTIARY ONCE MORE AT LIBERTY.

They Go Through a Ventilator to the Roof, then Slide Down a Leather Rope and Board a Train.

COLUMBUS, O., Nov. 15.-Four prisoners escaped from the Ohio penitentiary tonight by climbing to the roof of a cell block through a ventilator and sliding down a rope made of strips of leather belting to the lawn in front of the prison. The

fugitives are: A. L. Woods, aged thirty, received from Meigs county for burglary and larceny. J. F. Ryan, alias John Gallagher, aged twenty-eight, received from Geauga county

Frank Hayden, aged twenty-eight, ceived from Cuyahoga county for bur-Thomas Gallagher, aged thirty, received is no politics in it."
from Lorain county for burglary and attempting to blow a safe. He was serving

one. The cell block from which they made their exit is in the front of the big prison and the men dropped to the ground beneath a window in the warden's office, where the lights were burning brightly. A trusted prisoner seated at a desk near the window saw the last man, who fell before o'clock, and was followed four minutes he reached the end of the rope, limp away battery, and to exchange some Springfield in the darkness. The alarm was given and a posse of prison guards, armed with Winchesters, immediately started in pur-

It is thought the men van to the railroad yards near by and boarded an outgoing freight train. were brought here from Dayton, O., late to-night to run down the escaped prisoners. The hounds quickly caught the trail, but no word has yet been received from the pursuing party.

TWO OF THEM WITHIN A STONE'S THROW OF POLICE STATION.

Desk Sergeant Could Look from His Window and See Drunken Men Going in and Out.

OF A POOR WOMAN

SHE WANTED TO GET HER HUSBAND AWAY FROM DRINK.

Police Refused to Close a Saloon They Knew Was Openly Violating the Law.

Before the sun arose yesterday morning

the rear doors of barrel houses and saloons creaked on their hinges and a steady stream of humanity poured in and out of the rear barrooms without the slightest molestation from the police. While the respectable people of the city were attending church or following other pursuits in consonance with the dignity of the Sabbath vice was rampant in the dives. Ablice to enforce the Sunday liquor law. entrances to Wolf's and Secttor's barrel houses can be had. The desk sergeant the teamsters as a means of retarding the sitting at his desk facing Alabama street was forced to look out upon crowds of thirsty negroes and trashy whites who passed in and out of the back gates of the barrel house yards, drunk or fast becoming so. In full view of the police and without though of interference, the bar flies went in and out of the dives at will; some staggering drunk and swearing, others quarreling over the drinks they had gulped down in their eagerness for the effect; all openly violating the law. This is a picture of what was seen yesterday from the front doorsteps of the police station.

WANTED SALOON CLOSED. One poor woman, poor because of the drink which had ruined her home, called at the police station in the afternoon and asked in earnest tones that a saloon next to her home be closed. Her husband, she said, was spending his earnings there, and she did not want him to drink any more. Her appeal was met with laughter, and she was told that if the saloons were closed many other people would be thirsty before the day was over, and she was given to understand that she did not own the whole

end of the town where she lived. When inquiries were made by a Journal reporter as to where the saloon was located, the police said that they would send an officer there, but refused to discuss the question. Little groups of drunken men were seen standing near the police station all day long and on the streets in the central part of the city staggering men were numerous. There were several saloons where the front doors were open to the general public and they were not over three blocks from police headquarters, but it is presumed they were not unknown to the police. Little, if anything, is done to suppress the vice in the various winerooms, which prosper at the present time and young girls in their 'teens with dissipated faces tell the tale of a woeful

condition of affairs. TOO JEALOUS BY FAR.

Bradford Man Murders Another for Talking with His Wife.

BRADFORD, Pa., Nov. 15 .- William F. Peaseley this evening went to the railroad station and found his wife and John Beardsley in conversation on the platform. Without a word Peaseley cut Beardsley's began work on the powerful wireless sta- throat. Beardsley died within a few min-

tine Republic and later with the United states. When the station is finished it will could not endure the thought that any other man shared her affections.

GOVERNOR DURBIN IS IN WASHING-TON ON BUSINESS ONLY.

Says He Wants to Secure Settlement of the West Point Claim and to Se-

cure Arms for the State Guard.

SECOND PLACE FOR INDIANIAN

REPUBLICAN LEADER SAYS ONE SHOULD RUN WITH ROOSEVELT.

Mr. Hanna Will Remain as Chairman of the Committee if the State of His Health Shall Permit.

CHARGES AGAINST GEN. WOOD

SENATE MILITARY COMMITTEE TO PROBE STATEMENTS OF ESTES.

State Department Interested in Outcome of the Lynchehaun Case-Trials of Tyner and Barrett.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. WASHINGTON, Nov. 15 .- "I am here solely on the business of the State. There

This is what Governor Durbin said to-

night when questioned as to the object of his visit to Washington at this time. came here to confer with the authorities concerning the claim of the State growing out of the West Point maneuvers. I also desire to secure two guns for the Lafayette rifles for Krag-Jorgensens, of which sev-

Governor Durbin will call at the War Department to-morrow, where he will take up these matters with Mr. Root, secretary

eral of the guard organizations are in

Governor Durbin arrived early this afternoon and went at once to the new Willard. Among his callers during the day were Representatives Hemenway, Watson, Overstreet and Brick and other prominent Indianians. Contrary to expectation, the Governor did not take dinner with President Roosevelt to-night.

"I was not aware until advised by the newspapers," he said, "that I was scheduled for dinner at the White House. I presume it would be a good idea for me to get hold of a menu in order to be able to teli my friends all about it when I return to Naturally the visit of Indiana's chief ex-

ecutive attracted a good deal of attention among people who follow national politics, especially as it was announced in what appeared to be an authoritative manner that a White House conference would be held

Governor Durbin expects to finish his ousiness here to-morrow. He will call on President Roosevelt to pay his respects, and probably will leave here on Tuesday

Since the formal announcement of the meeting of the Republican national committee, which will be held here in December, there has been a great deal of gossip as to who will lead the committee in the next campaign, and of candidates for the vice presidency. As heretofore stated in these dispatches, Chairman Hanna will retain the place if his health permits. Among leading Republicans the opinion is expressed that the second man on the ticket should come from Indiana. "Indiana is a pivotal State," said one of them to-night. and if one of her favorite sons is nominated with President Roosevelt it will add strength to the ticket."

XXX A thorough investigation will be made by the Senate committee on military affairs of the charges made by Estes G. Rathbone, former director of Cuban posts, against Gen. Leonard Wood. The matter comes up at this time as the result of Wood's nominasolutely no attempt was made by the po- tion by the President as major general in the army. Rathbone is equipped with much From the office of Superintendent Kruger evidence, and alleges, among other things, use of postal funds. The feeling in the Senate is that the fight on General Wood is inopportune. It is urged that the time for the objection to his advancement in the army was when President McKinley made him a brigadier general, jumping him over the heads of scores of old officers. The promotion of General Wood to the grade of major general, on the other hand, is made without prejudice to any one, and of itself invites no opposition, it is said. It is understood that Mr. Rathbone will file with the committee the charges that he filed with Secretary Root last winter, and that the secretary may be called as a witness for General Wood. If Mr. Root should appear before the committee he will present the answer General Wood made last winter to the charges of Rathbone. This answer was not made public at the time, as Secretary Root dismissed the case with the verdict that there was nothing in the matter to justify further investigation by the War De-

State Department officials and senators on the foreign relations committee are interested in the Lynchehaun case. The English embassy officials manifest irritation over the refusal of the Indiana authorities to surrender Lynchehaun. Interest at the State Department is prompted by the desire of the officials to have the English authorities extradite Greene and Gaynor, who are fugitives in Canada, and some of the St. Louis boodlers, who are in Mexico. the fear being expressed that if the London home office is not mollified for the Indiana incident the prospect of a successful outcome for negotiations now pending in the cases cited above is not bright. The embassy officials understand that there can be no interference by the federal authorities with the States, but there is an impression that a way will be pointed out by which England may secure the person of Lynchehaun through the medium of the federal courts. There is a precedent for such a proceeding. It occurred in a case between the United States and Mexico. Democrats in the Senate are also watching the Indiana case closely. They fear that the suppleextradition treaties now being framed in the Senate will be used as the means of making the surrender of political refugees possible.

One of the first subjects to be considered by the House committee on postoffices in the regular session will be that relating to increased salaries for rural carriers. Nearly 100 bills have been presented in both branches of Congress providing increased salarles for carriers in the rural service. There appears to be no unanimity of opinion among senators or members as to the salary a carrier should receive. One measure fixes a uniform rate of \$720 a year; another provides a sliding scale, the minimum being fixed at \$720 and the maximum at \$900. Although little attention has been given to the question so far, on account of the fact that the House committee has not yet been organized, there is no doubt that the compensation of the rural carrier will increased before Congress adjourns. In

(CONTINUED ON PAGE 2, COL, 5.)

BUSINESS MAN OF ST. JOSEPH SHOT BY ST. LOUIS DRUMMER.

They Had Been Drinking with Women of a Theatrical Company and a Quarrel Followed.

ST. JOSEPH, Mo., Nov. 15.-Irving Mc-Donald, a young and wealthy business man, was shot and killed to-day by J. E. Furlong, a traveling man, whose home is given by him as at 2332 Howard street, St. Louis. Furlong says his act was in selfdefense, as he was assaulted by four men HE STANDS BY THE ARTICLE PRINTand shot only when he believed his life to be in danger. When arrested he had a revolver in his pocket, one chamber of which

In company with Mrs. Lester Myrick and Grace Holt, of "The Governor's Son" company, and several other friends, Furlong and McDonald went to an Edmond-street cafe after the performance. They are said to have been drinking freely, although, so far as any of those supposed to be acquainted with the facts in the case will admit, there was no quarrel while the party remained at the cafe. Shortly after 5 o'clock the party left the cafe, walked down Felix to Third street and turned north on Third street. When Third and Francis streets was reached, according to the police, words passed between the two and Furlong drew a revolver. Placing the weapon almost against McDonald's stomach, Furlong hesitated a moment. Mc-Donald dared him to fire and Furlong pulled the trigger.

The women are held as witnesses for an investigation. They live in New York. William R. Lynch, a traveling man from Cleveland, a member of the party, was detained at police headquarters for two hours, but was released.

"As I said before I left Indianapolis, I FORTS HEAVILY ENGAGED WITH INSURGENTS ON THURSDAY.

> Town Was Not Damaged-Minister Powell Gains His Point Regarding an American Company.

SAN DOMINGO, Thursday, Nov. 12 .-There was heavy fighting here this morning. The forts around the city were engaged with the insurgents, and there was considerable cannonading on both sides. The town was not damaged, and the situation is

The United States cruiser Baltimore arrived here this afternoon. Business is at a

United States Minister Powell has finally carried his point against the Dominican government that it should agree to the provisions of the protocol regarding the San Domingo Improvement Company. The government to-day informed the minster that it would accede to his request carrying out the provisions of the protocol and appoint arbitrators to-day. This is considered a great victory for the American

Report of Attack Confirmed. WASHINGTON, Nov. 15 .- Confirmatory information of the attack on Santo Domingo by the revolutionists reached the State Department to-day in a dispatch from Minister Powell. He reported that the revo-lutionists were attacking the city on three sides. There were no other details in Minister Powell's cablegram. The cruiser Baltimore, which was ordered to San Domingo waters, is now there so that Ameri-

can interests will be given full proctection.

STRONG FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS IN LIMITED COMBINATION.

Aggregate Capital Is Seventy-One Millions, Making It Second Only to the Bank of England.

BERLIN, Nov. 15 .- The Dresdener Bank and the Schaaffhausen Bank Verein have at the police station a view of the rear that General Wood tried to influence the arranged a community of interests, the ginning January next. The banks will be operated separately, but the earnings will be pooled and divided in proportion to the capital and reserve fund of each. According to a published statement, the combination amounts approximately to fusion and the securing of all the advantage thereof, while avoiding its disadvantages. Each bank agrees to elect two directors and three members of the board of overseers of the other bank, thus securing the mutual direction of the institutions.

The capital of the Dresdener Bank is \$32,500,000 and that of the Schaaffhausen Bank Verein is \$25,000,000. The reserve funds of the two banks amount to \$13,500,000 and their joint capital to \$71,000,000, thus making their union the strongest aggregation of banking capital in the world, with the exception of the Bank of England. The German financial world was comoletely surprised by the announcement of the combination, not the slightest intimation of which had leaked out until the matter was published in to-day's newspapers. There has been a vague suspicion, however, that some large financial operations were forthcoming, owing to active buying of the stocks of both banks which operators on the market were unable to explain

THREE MORE ARE DEAD.

Making a Total of Thirty Deaths in the Louisiana Wreck.

NEW ORLEANS, Nov. 15 .- Sixteen negroes injured in the Illinois Central wreck at Kentwood were brought to the Charity Hospital to-day, and three of them died soon after reaching here. This makes a total of twenty-eight negro men dead, one negro woman killed and Andrew C. Kiser, foreman of carpenters, the only white man fatally injured, a total of thirty deaths. The injured list foots up to eighteen. Larry Hawthorne, the only negro who escaped from the coach, has become demented as a result of the shock. The wreck has been cleared away. The

responsibility for the accident will be hard to figure out. The first train was forty-five minutes late, and the last five minutes benind, and the two trains were virtually running on each other's time. The engineer of the last train claimed that he had or ders for a clear track to Chatawa, while the operator at Tangipapoa claims he signaled the train to stop, intending to hold it ten minutes, but it went on and struck the train ahead.

American Demand Causes Surprise. PEKING, Nov. 15.-The demand of the United States government for the opening of Wiju, Korea, has been received here with surprise. The British and Japanese ministers at Seoul on Oct. 17 asked for the opening of Yongampho. The foreign minister consented, subject to the approval of the Emperor, which was withheld

FAMOUS JENNINGS COUNTY CON-SPIRACY CASE RECALLED.

Hon. Addison C. Harris Is Criticised by a Son of General Benja-

REITERATED BY MR. HARRIS

min Spooner.

ED IN THE JOURNAL.

The Episode in Question Was the Beginning of the Harrison-Gresham Feud.

DURBIN FOREMAN OF THE JURY

HE AGREES WITH MR. HARRIS CON-CERNING THE FACTS.

Controversy Grows Out of a Dramatic Recital of Almost Forgotten Incident in Lynchehaun Trial.

The famous Jennings county conspiracy case, tried in the Federal Court in this city in the 70's, out of which arose the strained relations between Gen. Benjamin | which may prove fatal, owing to his ad-Harrison and Walter Q. Gresham, was recalled by the Hon. Addison C. Harris dur- months. Dr. Guiteras received severe ing his notable argument Oct. 13, last, bruises. His condition, however, will not in defense of James Lynchehaun. Mr. Harris related in his powerful manner a remarkable incident which happened at he enjoys an international reputation as a the beginning of the trial of this case. In vellow fever expert. the Journal of Oct. 14, the dramatic story in Nuevo Laredo. told by Mr. Harris was printed. Quoting from Mr. Harris's speech, the Journal said: "I remember very distinctly," said Mr. Harris, "that Benjamin Harrison, then the leader of our bar, and afterwards the leader of the bar of the world, was employed to prosecute the cases in connection with the regular prosecutor, Gen. Tom Browne. Governor Hendricks was the counsel for the defense. After the jury had been impaneled General Harrison asked Governor Hendricks if there was any objection to the jury as it stood. 'No,' replied Governor Hendricks, in that famous attitude we remember so well. 'As I take it the result of the case is a foregone conclusion.'

"The eyes of General Gresham, who was on the bench, flashed fire. 'What, sir, do I understand you to mean?' he inquired. "'Simply,' said Governor Hendricks, 'that my clients are Democrats and that the composition of this jury is ten Republicans and two Democrats.

"General Gresham turned to that dis tinguished old veteran, General Spooner, who was serving as clerk of the court. How did you impanel this jury?' he asked. 'Your Honor,' replied General Spooner, instantly, 'I knew that this is a political case. Consequently I took measures that the majority of the jurymen should be men who would uphold the government.'
"General Gresham's rage was at white heat, 'Sir,' he said to General Spooner, 'you are discharged for the purpose of this court. You have proved a recreant to your He called upon a bailiff to procure another venire and to secure an impanelment at once. When that was done General Gresham said with the utmost impressiveness. 'I will never have it said that a man accused of a political crime cannot get a fair trial in any court over which I have the honor to preside."

RESENTED BY SPOONER. The article was read by S. H. Spooner, of Ft. Worth, Tex., a son of General Spooner. The son of the former marshal of the Federal Court in a communication to the Journal resents Mr. Harris's remarks so far as they bore upon the conduct of his

father, and says: "In your issue of Oct. 14, under the caption, 'Told Dramatic Story; Famous Case Recalled by Addison C. Harris; Packing a Jury for Political Purposes,' etc., you published a story told by Mr. Harris in his argument in the Lynchehaun case before Mr. Charles W. Moores, United States commissioner, which is a gross reflection upon my father and which is erroneous in its

"The case referred to by Mr. Harris was the case of the United States vs. Henry Wrape et al. for violation of the federal election law and was called the Jennings county conspiracy case. The trial of this case occurred in May and June, 1879. At that time Maj. Charles L. Holstein was United States district attorney, and not Gen. Tom Browne. Colonel Dudley was United States marshal, and not my father. William P. Fishback was clerk of the court, and my father had no connection with the court and was not clerk. Judge Gresham did not get into a 'white-heat rage' in that case over the impaneling of the jury and did not reflect upon my father, first, because no such incident occurred in the impaneling of the jury in that case, and hence there was no occasion for the 'white-heat rage' of Judge Gres-ham so graphically described by Mr. Harris, and, second, because my father had nothing whatever to do with the impaneling of the jury or with the court when that case was tried. If the words put in Judge Gresham's mouth by Mr. Harris had been uttered, then Mr. Harris ought to have known my father well enough to have known that there would have been something to have added to his dramatic incident that would have made it even more dramatic than his imagination has done. Neither Judge Gresham nor any other man would have made such a reflection upon my father without it having been resented as publicly as the offense was given. "I challenge the recollection of the Hon. W. H. H. Miller, ex-attorney general of the United States, who assisted in the prosecution of this case, and Hon. David Overmyer, who then lived at North Vernon, Ind., and who is now a distinguished lawyer living at Topeka, Kan., and who assisted in the prosecution, and of the Hon. Green Smith, who assisted in the defense and who, I believe, are the only lawyers living who participated in that trial, if my statement is not true that Judge Gresham did not reflect upon any one because it happened that the jury, when impaneled in that case, which grew out of a political contest, was composed of ten Republicans

and two Democrats. "My father's services and sacrifices in two wars and his standing as a citizen in peace, it seems to me, should at least entitle him to respectful treatment, and I therefore, ask that you give to this communication the same prominence that you

gave to the article referred to." DURBIN FOREMAN OF JURY. Discussing the matter, Mr. Harris said

last night:

"The article in the Journal of Oct. 14 giving the famous incident of the Jennings county conspiracy case as narrated by me, was accurate and a correct quotation of my speech. I am perfectly sure that my memory is not at fault in the matter, and that I related the incident substantially as it occurred. I am positive that General Harrison, General Gresham, General Spooner and Governor Hendricks said and did. in effect, just what I ascribed to them. "My opinion is reinforced by that of Governor Durbin. Two or three days after the article appeared in the Journal I met Governor Durbin, and he remarked to me almost at once: 'I read your speech in the fournal with a great deal of interest. Mr. Harris, particularly that part pertaining to the incident of the conspiracy case, be-

"I recalled that the Governor had been oreman of that jury, and we discussed he incident with a great deal of interest The Governor assured me that his recollection of these points tallied exactly with mine. I do not think there can be any essential error in my version of the affair. "I do not understand the attitude of General Spooner's son in this matter, un-

less it be that he is thinking of an entirely different case. If he alludes to the one of which I spoke, he is certainly at sea."

SAYS IT'S ALL GREEK.

Mr. Ziegler Knows Nothing of the

Jefferson City Indictments. NEW YORK, Nov. 15 .- William Ziegler, when seen at his residence to-night, said he knew absolutely nothing regarding the indictment reported to have been found

against him in Jefferson City, Mo. "This is all Greek to me," said Mr. Zlegler, "and I have no idea why any charge should be brought against me. I have nothing to say now; in fact, can say nothing, as I am entirely at sen in the matter. Until I see the indictment and learn its nature I can make no intelligent state- SAID TO

DOCTORS BADLY INJURED

YELLOW FEVER EXPERTS IN A RUN-

AWAY AT LAREDO.

Dr. Murray May Not Recover and Dr. Guiteras Was Badly Bruised-Re-

port on Fever Situation.

LAREDO, Tex., Nov. 15 .- The fever situation drags along in unchanged condition The official bulletin issued to-night is as

follows: "New cases, 2; deaths, 2; total number cases to date, 885; total deaths to date, 84." While in pursuit of their duty to-day Doctors R. D. Murray and G. M. Guiteras, of the Marine Hospital Service, met with a serious accident in a runaway. They were driving to their hotel when the horses became frightened and ran away, the buggy colliding with terrific force with a large stone pillar and throwing out both the vanced age, and which at least will confine him to the hospital for a period of six prevent him continuing the good work he has been doing. Dr. Murray's home is at Key West, and

The fever is almost entierly stamped out

ANOTHER BIG FOUR CONDUCTOR IS IN THE TOILS.

Detectives Have Conclusive Evidence They Say, that He Stole Several Blankets.

EDWARDS IS RELEASED

WIFE OF A CONDUCTOR WILL BE IN

COURT TO-DAY, HOWEVER.

Big Four Cabooses in the Brightwood Yards to Be Searched-Goods Dis-

carded at Bellefontaine, O.

nesses to the theft. At his home they did from the sea, the isthmians feel that their not attempt to locate any stolen goods, but | security is absolute. a search will be made to-day, it is said. who was arrested on Friday, was detained ernment at Bogota is probably ignorant of at the police station a few hours yesterday the attitude taken by the government of morning, but on account of having a small | the United States during the last two weeks. baby in her arms she was allowed to go to In a frenzy "to save its face," to appease her home with the understanding that she an angry and disappointed populace and to was to appear in the Police Court this satisfy the public demand for some appearmorning. The discarding of stolen prop- ance of activity and an attempt to save the erty in alleys and fields still continues at | honor and the territorial integrity of Colom-Brightwood and it seems that as the days | bia, the government is, no doubt, promising wear on more and more people become and threatening to send forces to the coast afraid of arrest and in order not to have and to take other aggressive sters. The any stolen property found in their homes merely throw their possessions into

streets. Enough shoes for the feet of all Brightwood for the winter and hats, caps and clothing to go with them, besides an abundance of dress goods for the women. have been pitched out into the mud of the streets with reckless regard of quality or

WILL SEARCH CABOOSES. This morning Detectives Holtz and Bray will search through all the cabooses in the Brightwood yards for stolen goods secreted in lockers and under seats by thieving conductors and brakemen, and in that way they hope to locate several more of the railroad robbers. At Brightwood little is neard but talk of the arrests which have been made so far, and everyone is wondering where lightning will strike next. An aged man followed Detectives Bray and Holtz for two or three blocks when they were making their rounds of the town yesterday and when he had reached a secluded place he hailed the officers of the law and told them confidentially that he was glad the robbing of cars had come to light. "We older people have known it was going on for years," he said, "but we didn't dare to let it leak out."

The satisfaction expressed by the venerable resident of Brightwood at the shrewd work of the detectives is reflected in the faces of all the honest people who have their homes there. The police and detectives say that when they pass down any of the streets they notice the eyes of scores of people following their every movement, all eager and anxious for sensations which isthmus" is deemed ample for the preventhey expect will develop in the home of a neighbor under suspicion. Several arrests will be made to-day, it is said, and it is rumored that a fence for the disposal of stolen goods has been discovered here in the city which will be exposed to-day.

PLUNDER AT BELLEFONTAINE.

Streets of Ohio Town Littered with Goods Stolen from Big Four. Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

BELLEFONTAINE, O., Nov. 15 .- Several hundred dollars' worth of plunder was found in streets and alleys here this morning, and the police attribute it to the search which has been inaugurated by the Big Four Railway Company into the wholesale thefts of merchandise from cars between Bellefontaine and Indianapolis, and which have resulted in the arrest of half a dozen conductors, brakemen and switchmen at Indianapolis.

The police think the plunder was brought in here during the night by railroad employes and dumped about over town to avert suspicion from other quarters. In the goods found were shoes, shirts, millinery and every kind of merchandise. Officials of the Big Four say the arrests at Indianapolis are not all that will be made, and predict that the investigation will extend over all parts of the system.

SHIP WITH COLOMBIAN GENERALS CAUSES MUCH EXCITEMENT,

Marines Are Landed and the American Warships Keep Close Watch

MISSION BE PEACE

PANAMA LAUGHS AT COLDMBIAN

Impending Revolution at Bogota Impels Marroquin to "Make a Bluff"

ALSO A FACTOR IN THE EQUANIMITY

Futility of Efforts to Land of March Troops to Panama Is Renfized-Statistics of the New State.

OF THE ISTHMIANS.

COLON, Nov. 15 .- The overdue German steamer Scotia arrived from the coast at Her agents signaled the Scotia to come alongside her wharf, but she is now anchored a mile and a half from the harbor. Cutters from the United States huxiliary cruiser Dixle are going to and from the Scotia, which has no communication with the shore. There is great excitement, as it is said that General Reyes and his staff are aboard the vessel. The United States converted cruiser Mayflower left her alchorage and steamed to meet the Scotia.

The Scotia sailed from Hamburg on Oct. 13, for Kingston, Jamaica, and was last re-

ported passing Heyst, Belgium, on Oct. 17. Three Envoys to Seek Pesee. BOGOTA, Tuesday, Nov. 10 .- Jenerals Reyes, Holguin and Ospina left here to-day for Panama on a diplomatic mission, with full powers to offer the isthmians a satis-

as may bring the isthmus back to the Colombian union. It is expected that amicable arrangements will be made, and such are heartily desired here. News from the State De-

Mayflower Reaches Colon. COLON, Nov. 15 .- The Unted States con-

ISTHMIANS ARE AMUSED.

Altogether a "Bluff." PANAMA, Nov. 15 .- President Marroquin's statement as conveyed in a cable ram to Another Big Four conductor, Ross Sears, General Plaza, President of Ecuacor, that of Brightwood, was arrested yesterday by Generals Reyes, Caballeros, Ospina and Hol-Detectives Holtz and Bray and was locked | guin are marching on the isthmus to "supup at the police station on a charge of grand | press the isthmian traitors," has set the larceny. The detectives claim they have entire population of the isthmus laughing. conclusive evidence that Sears stole sev- Protected by the impenetrability of the eral blankets, a number of pairs of shoes | land and the many leagues of coast line and a great quantity of merchandise from separating the isthmus from Colombia and one train which was in his care but a week | confident that the United States injends to ago, and they have secured two eyewit- prevent the landing of Colombian soldiers

The loss of the isthmian territory is, of Mrs. Edwards, wife of Harry C. Edwards, | course, a tragedy for Colombia. The govrealization by the Colombian government of the impossibility of sending troops to the isthmus would not necessarily deter it from taking these steps, which, as already stated, are intended merely to satisfy the people. Well-informed people on the isthmus be-lieve that the Colombian government is going through all these forms of arganizing expeditions not merely for the foregoing reasons, but owing to the necessity of fore-

stalling or of weakening the threatened revolutionary outbreak in Bogota.

Miners and others familiar with the coast

on both sides of the isthmus declare that

any attempt to march an expeditionary army from any part of Colombia to the isthmus would be futile. Both coasts consist of impassable jungles and swamps and rivers, without towns or roads or any means for the provisioning of an army. The members of the junta have not the slightest fear that any such expedition will be attempted, and they receive the reports of such expeditions with equanimity. What is described here in Panama as "United States' broad interpretation of the clause of the treaty of 1846, regarding the protection of traffic acress the tion of the transportation of troops by sea Steam Navigation Company, a British concern plying between Panama and Buena Ventura, has a clause in its contracts with the Colombian government which says that it must "under normal conditions" transport government troops. It can be said authoritatively, however, that the company will not transport Colombian troops to the isthmus under present conditions, and that it has not been asked by the Co'embian government to do so. Other vessels which bring troops from any Colombian port for any point in the Republic of Panama will prevented by the naval authorities from disembarking them in case they insist on The revenues of the new republic, if economically administered, promise to me all expenses. These revenues consist of the slaughter-house taxes, liquor licenses and similar sources of income, as well as the fair yearly sums derived from those holding a monopoly of the tobacco business, from the gambling privileges at Panaria and Colon, and from the lottery. These sources of revenue do not include \$5,000 in sold per week formerly paid by the Panama Eallroad Company, a United States concern, to the Bogota government, which retained \$4,500.

on the Steamer Bearing Them.

THREATS OF INVASION.

Regarding Lost Territory.

ATTITUDE OF UNITED STATES

physicians. Dr. Murray suffered injuries sundown to-day flying the Colomban flag.

The moment the Scotia anchored twenty narines from the Dixie were landed here,

factory treaty and such other concessions

partment at Washington is anxiously awaited.

verted cruiser Mayflower arrived here to-

Colombian's Threats Are Regarded as

The growing feeling against President Marroquin is believed to be due to she fact that he did not show sufficient determination to effect the ratification of the canal treaty, which would have saved the isthmus to Colombia, and because he appointed General Obaldia Governor of the Department of the Panama after Obaldia had declared that he would remain a Colombian if the treaty were ratified, but that otherwise he would be a Panamanian. General Obaldia was born in Chiriqui, in the State of Panama.

so doing, after warning has been given.

giving to the state of Panama only \$500. The Colombian, government, however during recent financial distress, arranged

with the railroad company for an advance of the weekly payments for a period cover-(CONTINUED ON PAGE 5, COL C)